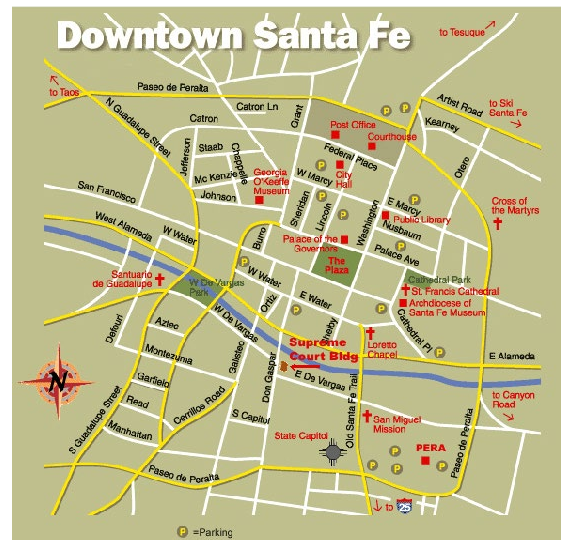


The Supreme Court Law Library is an entity within the New Mexico judiciary, located in the historic capital city of Santa Fe, New Mexico. Established by the first territorial legislature in 1851, the Law Library was originally housed in the Palace of the Governors. Since 1937, it has occupied three floors in the historic Supreme Court building, following construction by the Works Progress Administration under President Franklin Roosevelt. The Law Library is governed by the Justices of the New Mexico Supreme Court and is managed by the State Law Librarian.

The Supreme Court Law Library is open to the public, and the collection consists of approximately 400,000 volumes, including materials from tribal, Spanish, Mexican, U. S. Territorial, New Mexico, English, and federal governments. Onsite patrons have free access to print, microformat, and online materials, as well as to public computers, the Internet, Wi-Fi, and many electronic resources.

Every year, the Supreme Court Law Library provides assistance to the courts and communities from across New Mexico and around the nation.



CALL: (505) 827-4850

CLICK: <https://lawlibrary.nmcourts.gov>

MAIL: P.O. Box L, Santa Fe, NM 87504

EMAIL: libref@nmcourts.gov

Parking:

Free public parking is available in the parking garage at the corner of Paseo de Peralta and Don Gaspar. (Entrance off Galisteo St.)

Metered parking is available along Don Gaspar and other streets around the building.

Accessible parking and wheelchair access
are available at the south entrance on
DeVargas Street.

Welcome to the New Mexico Supreme Court Law Library!



Hours:

Monday - Friday
8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

Closed daily 12:00 - 1:00 p.m.

SERVICES AVAILABLE:

Reference + Research Assistance

Librarians provide reference services in person or via phone, email, and mail. While we cannot provide legal advice, we will be happy to help you find and use legal resources.

Document Delivery Services

The Law library can convert documents from tangible to digital form and vice versa. If a document is in our collection, we will determine how many pages it contains and send an invoice for document delivery services.

Forms

Our Librarians can help you locate official state judiciary forms, as well as unofficial forms that may be helpful as a resource.

Interlibrary Loans

As a member of OCLC, the Law Library has access to the holdings of many other libraries. Interlibrary Loan service is offered to all court personnel, attorneys and patrons who have a library card in good standing.

Circulation

The Law Library extends limited borrowing privileges to the practising bar and the public. Any NM resident 18 years of age or older with photo ID, a physical contact address, and phone number is eligible to obtain a Law Library borrower card.

Public Computers and Wi-Fi

The Law Library has public computers and free Wi-Fi that are available for use. Contact the Reference Desk for more information.

Copying and Printing

\$0.15 per page. Payable with cash, check, money order and credit cards. Exact change is preferred. Bills larger than \$20.00 are not accepted.



Supreme Court Law Library

Here is a sampling of the electronic resources available onsite for free:

New Mexico OneSource:

New Mexico Supreme Court and
Court of Appeals opinions
New Mexico Statutes Annotated
New Mexico Rules Annotated
New Mexico Attorney General Opinions
New Mexico Administrative Code

HeinOnline:

Law Reviews - Full Text
Congressional Record
Congressional Hearings
Statutes at Large
State Session Laws
Federal Register
Code of Federal Regulations

Online Legal & General Research:

Federal and State court opinions
Federal and State statutes
Federal and State administrative materials
Federal and State rules
Gale Primary Sources
Legal forms
ProQuest Congressional Hearings 1824-1979
Shepards or Keycite



The Law Library is a member of the Federal Depository Library Program.



OUR MISSION

The mission of the Supreme Court Law Library is to provide legal information for the judicial, legislative, and executive branches of state government, the legal community, and the public at large so they may have equal access to the law, effectively address the courts, make laws and write regulations, better understand the legal system, and conduct their affairs in accordance with the principles of law.

